AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following is the status of the claims of the above-captioned application, as amended.

Claims 1-40 (Canceled).

Claim 41 (Currently amended). A method for enhancing secretion of heterologous exoprotein of interest, the method comprising expressing said heterologous exoprotein in a recombinant *Bacillus* cell, wherein the cell comprises a nucleic acid construct encoding the heterologous exoprotein of interest and:

- a) a heterologous promoter operably linked with at least one gene encoding metallo regulated gene A (MrgA) protein with an amino acid sequence having at least 95% identity to the amino acid sequence show in SEQ ID NO:2: or
- b) at least one heterologous gene encoding MrgA protein with an amino acid sequence which has at least 95% identity to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the secretion of the heterologous exoprotein and MrgA is increased compared to an otherwise isogenic Bacillus cell without a) or b).

Claim 42-45 (Canceled).

Claim 46 (Currently amended). A method for producing a heterologous exoprotein of interest, comprising the steps of:

a)—cultivating a recombinant *Bacillus* cell, wherein the cell comprises a nucleic acid construct encoding the heterologous exoprotein of interest and:

- a) a heterologous promoter operably linked with at least one gene encoding metallo regulated gene A (MrgA) protein with an amino acid sequence having at least 95% identity to the amino acid sequence show in SEQ ID NO:2; or
- at least one heterologous gene encoding MrgA protein with an amino acid sequence which has at least 95% identity to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2 ; and
- b)—recovering the proteinexoprotein, wherein the production of the exoprotein and MrgA is increased compared to an otherwise isogenic *Bacillus* cell without a) or b).

Claim 47 (Canceled).

Claim 48 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the Bacillus cell is of a species chosen from the group consisting of Bacillus alkalophilus, Bacillus amyloliquefaciens, Bacillus brevis, Bacillus circulans, Bacillus coagulans, Bacillus lautus, Bacillus lentus, Bacillus licheniformis, Bacillus stearothermophilus, Bacillus subtilis, and Bacillus thuringiensis.

Claim 49 (Canceled).

Claim 50 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein said exoprotein is a protease, a lipase, a cutinase, an amylase, a galactosidase, a pullulanase, a cellulase, a glucose isomerase, a protein disulphide isomerase, a CGTase (cyclodextrin gluconotransferase), a phytase, a glucose oxidase, a glucosyl transferase, lactase, bilirubin oxidase, a xylanase, an antigenic microbial or protozoan protein, a bacterial protein toxin, a microbial surface protein, or a viral protein.

Claim 51 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the MrgA protein comprises an amino acid sequence which is at least 97% identical to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 52 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the MrgA protein comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 53 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a polynucleotide encoding MrgA protein comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2

Claim 54 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a polynucleotide encoding MrgA protein comprising the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 55 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a polynucleotide, which:

- a) comprises a polynucleotide sequence which is at least 97% identical to the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1: or
- b) hybridizes with the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, under high stringency conditions.

Claim 56 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a gene encoding the MrgA protein transcribed from one or more heterologous and, optionally, artificial promoter.

Claim 57 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a gene encoding the MrgA protein integrated into the genome of the cell.

Claim 58 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a gene encoding the MrgA protein present on an extra-chromosomal construct.

Claim 59 (Canceled).

Claim 60 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein the Bacillus cell is of a species chosen from the group consisting of Bacillus alkalophilus, Bacillus amyloliquefaciens, Bacillus brevis, Bacillus circulans, Bacillus coagulans, Bacillus lentus, Bacillus licheniformis, Bacillus stearothermophilus, Bacillus subtilis, and Bacillus thuringiensis.

Claim 61 (Canceled).

Claim 62 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein said exoprotein is a protease, a lipase, a cutinase, an amylase, a galactosidase, a pullulanase, a cellulase, a glucose isomerase, a protein disulphide isomerase, a CGT'ase (cyclodextrin cluconotransferase), a phytase, a glucose oxidase, a glucosyl transferase, lactase, bilirubin

oxidase, a xylanase, an antigenic microbial or protozoan protein, a bacterial protein toxin, a microbial surface protein, or a viral protein.

Claim 63 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein the MrgA protein comprises an amino acid sequence which is at least 97% identical to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 64 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein the MrgA protein or comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 65 (Previously presented). A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one exogenous copy of a polynucleotide encoding MrgA protein comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 66 (Previously presented) A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the *Bacillus* cell comprises at least one gene encoding metallo regulated gene A protein with an amino acid sequence having at least 99% identity to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

Claim 67 (Previously presented) A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein the MrgA protein comprises an amino acid sequence which is at least 99% identical to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 68 (Previously presented) A method in accordance with claim 41, wherein the Bacillus cell comprises at least one gene encoding metallo regulated gene A protein with an amino acid sequence consisting of the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2.

Claim 69 (Previously presented)

A method in accordance with claim 46, wherein the MrgA protein consists of the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

Claim 70 (Currently amended)

A method for producing a heterologous exoprotein of interest, comprising the steps of:

cultivating a recombinant Bacillus cell, wherein the cell comprises a nucleic acid construct encoding the heterologous exoprotein of interest and:

- a) a heterologous promoter operably linked with at least one gene encoding metallo regulated gene A (MrgA) protein with an amino acid sequence having at least 95% identity to the amino acid sequence show in SEQ ID NO:2;-, or
- b) at least one heterologous gene encoding MrgA protein with an amino acid sequence which has at least 95% identity to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:2
 :: and
- b) recovering the exoprotein, wherein said exoprotein is a protease, a lipase, a cutinase, an amylase, a-galactosidase, a plullanase, a cellulase, a glucose isomerase, a protein disulphide isomerase, a CGTase (cyclodextrin gluconotransferase), a phytase, a glucose oxidase, a glucosyl transferase, lactase, bilirubin oxidase, a xylanase, an antigenic microbial or protozoan protein, a bacterial protein toxin, a microbial surface protein, or a viral protein wherein the production of the heterologous exoprotein and MrgA is increased compared to an otherwise isogenic Bacillus cell without a) or b).

Claim 71 (New) The method of claim 70, wherein the exoprotein is an amylase, protease, lipase or phytase.

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